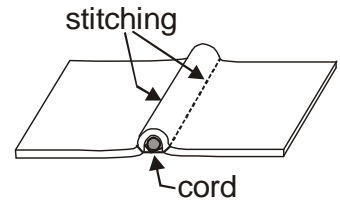


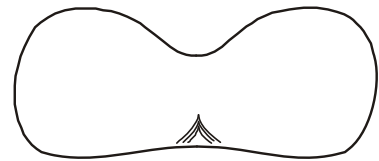
co-ordinated heel-height – describes lasts, or shoes made on such lasts, in which the **heel height** of every size in the size range is the same as the model-size last / model-size shoe. See **co-ordinated grade**.

co-polymer - see **polymer**: if there are different repeating molecular units, then the substance is said to be a co-polymer.

cording – a type of decorative stitching: twin-needle stitching, with a single bobbin thread, and a cord or string located underneath the material, as shown in the illustration, to produce a raised area between the stitching, like linear quilting. See also **pin-tucking**.



cordovan - a leather produced by tanning the butt from the hide of a horse, and removing the surface of the grain side as well as the loose fibres of the flesh side. The fibres of this leather are exceptionally densely compacted. Aka '**crup**'. The shape of this leather is very distinctive.



cordwainer - an out-of-date word for a shoe-maker. Originally a shoemaker who used cordovan leather.

co-respondent - refers to a style of shoe having a toe-cap and counter and facing in contrasting colours. Aka '**spectator**'.

Corfam - DuPont's product name for their synthetic upper material which claimed to reproduce the properties of leather.

corrected grain leather - leather whose grain layer has been lightly scoured with an abrasive before the surface finish is applied. This process improves the surface uniformity.

corrective footwear – footwear that is made to help the foot to function correctly when it has an abnormality.

costing - in shoemaking; identifying the cost of manufacturing a specific shoe: a critical element is estimating the area of leather and other upper materials required per pair, to provide a cost for the upper materials.

counter - **1.** aka **stiffener**, especially in USA: - **2.** an upper component similar in shape and position to the stiffener: it may be referred to as the outside-counter, but see **inside counter** - **2.**.

counter lining - the part of the lining around the heel area of the foot. It is usually cut so that the reverse (i.e. flesh/suede) side is in contact with the foot to minimise heel slip during wear.

counter point – a key reference point on the last, on the back centreline near the top-line of a normal shoe, that relates to an equivalent point on the standard (of a pattern).